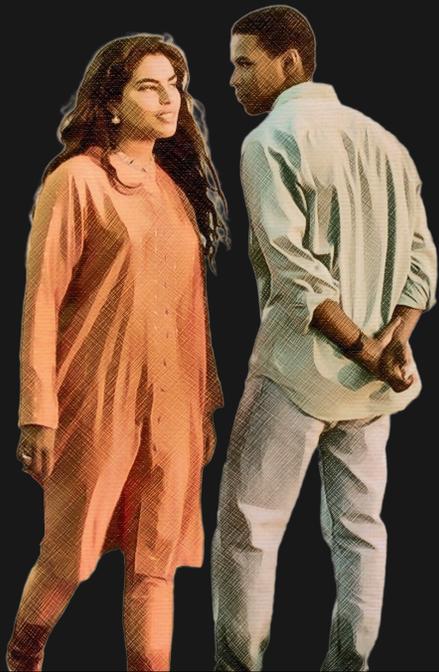


Monetary Masala



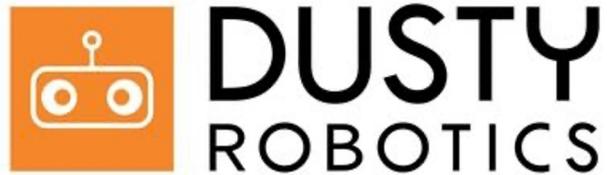
By: Anirban Basu
MPP, MA, JD, PHD
Sage Policy Group, Inc.

On Behalf of
Construction Executive

2025 Q1 Construction Economic
Update & Forecast

April 2, 2025

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The Taking of Inflation 2.0

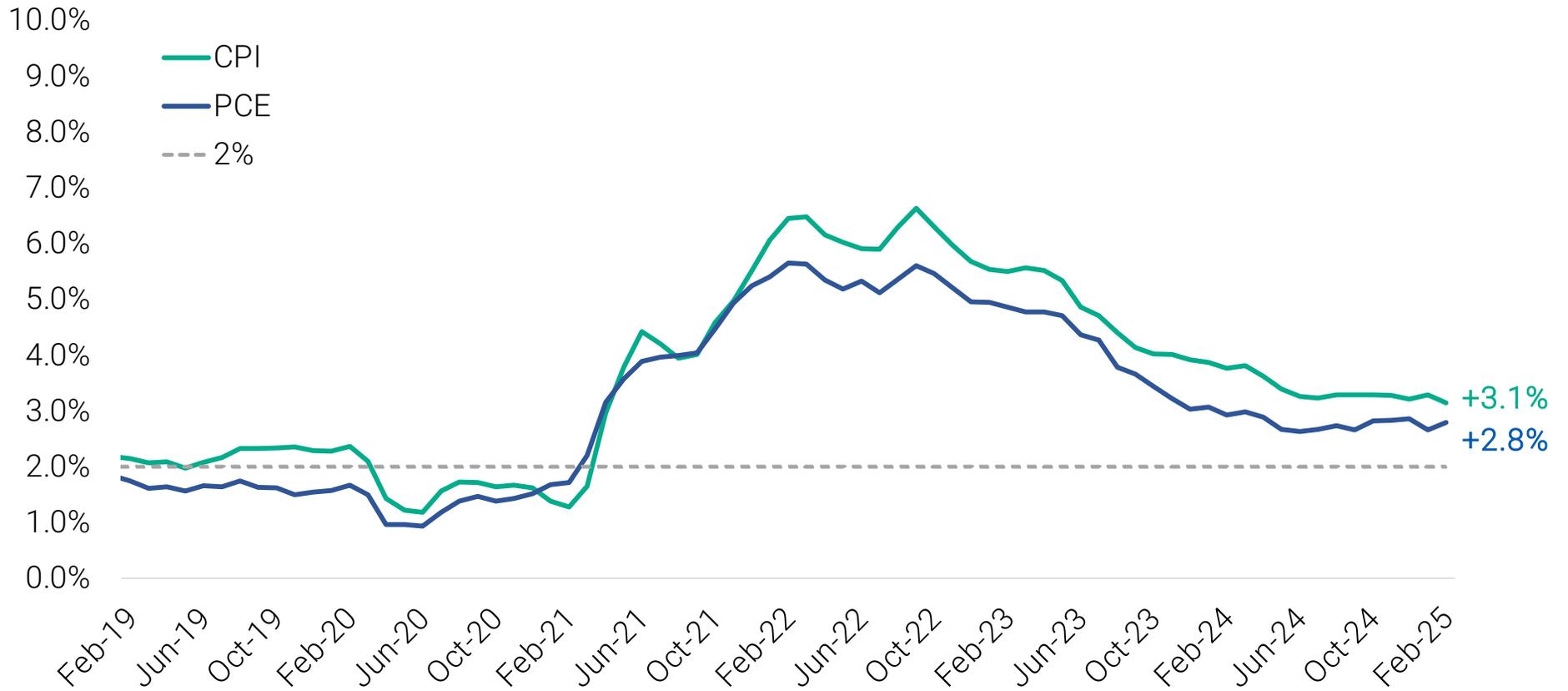


The Taking of Pelham 123 (2009)—Denzel Washington as Train Dispatcher

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Core CPI & PCE, 12-Month % Change (SA)

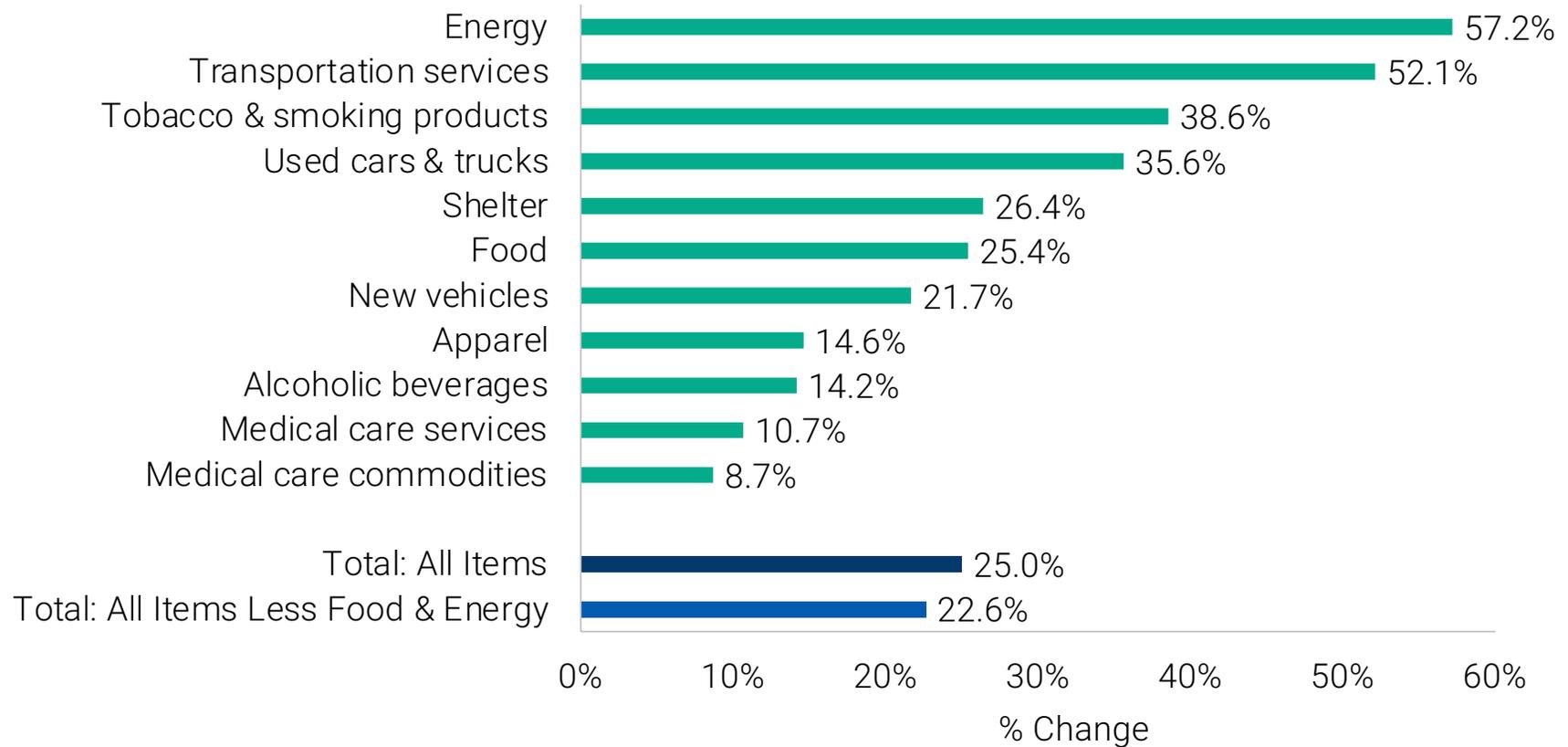
2019 – February 2025



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis *Core: All items less food and energy

Consumer Price Index, Select Categories (SA)

% Change May 2020 v. February 2025



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

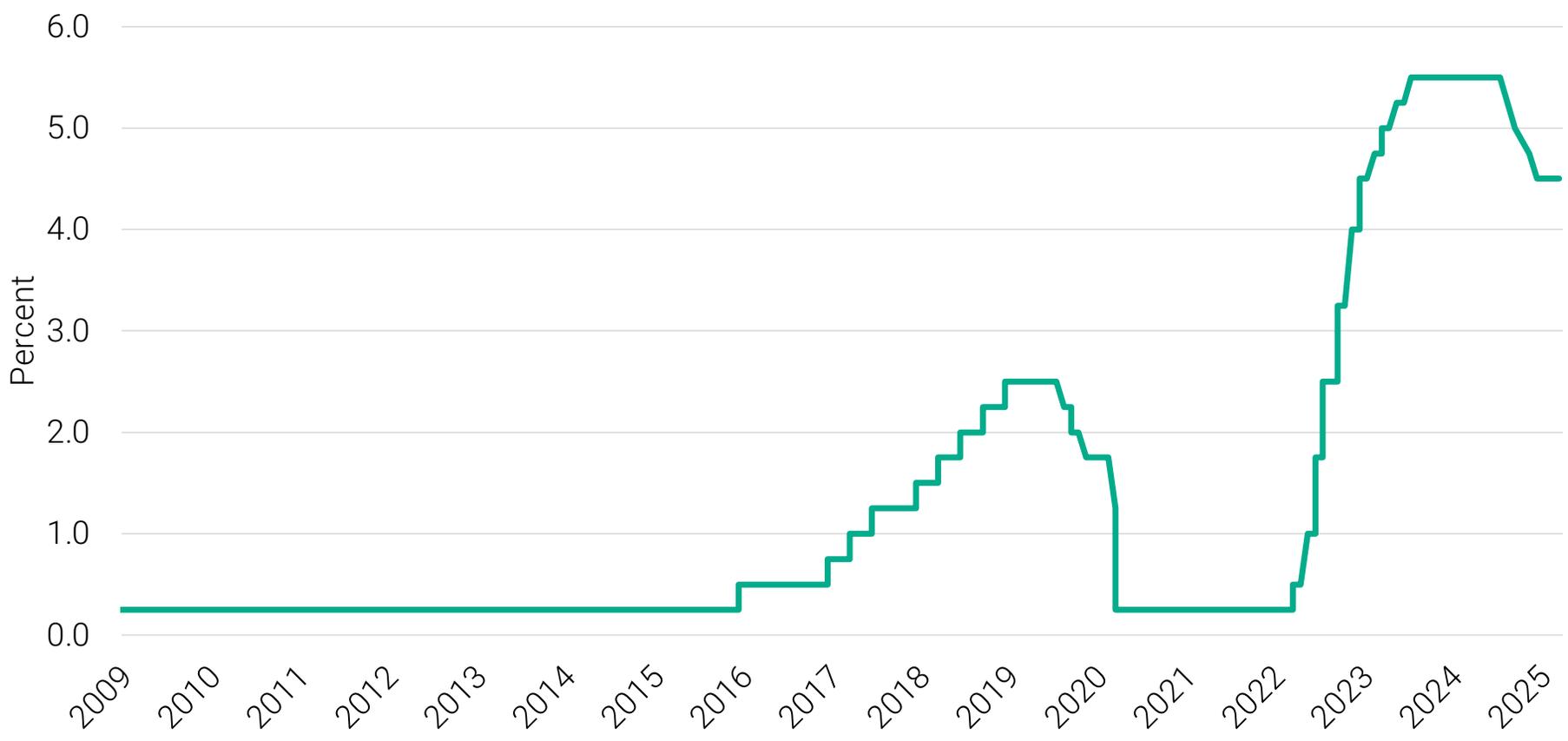
The Manhattan Candidate

2024 Trump Campaign Economic Policy Proposals

- Extend the expiring 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) – *inflationary*
- Additional reduction in the corporate tax rate to 15% – *inflationary*
- Eliminate income taxes on Social Security benefits – *inflationary*
- Eliminate taxes on tips – *inflationary*
- 10% to 25% across-the-board tariff on imports – *inflationary*
- Mass deportation of all undocumented migrants – *inflationary*

*The Manchurian Candidate (2004)—Denzel Washington as Major Bennett Marco

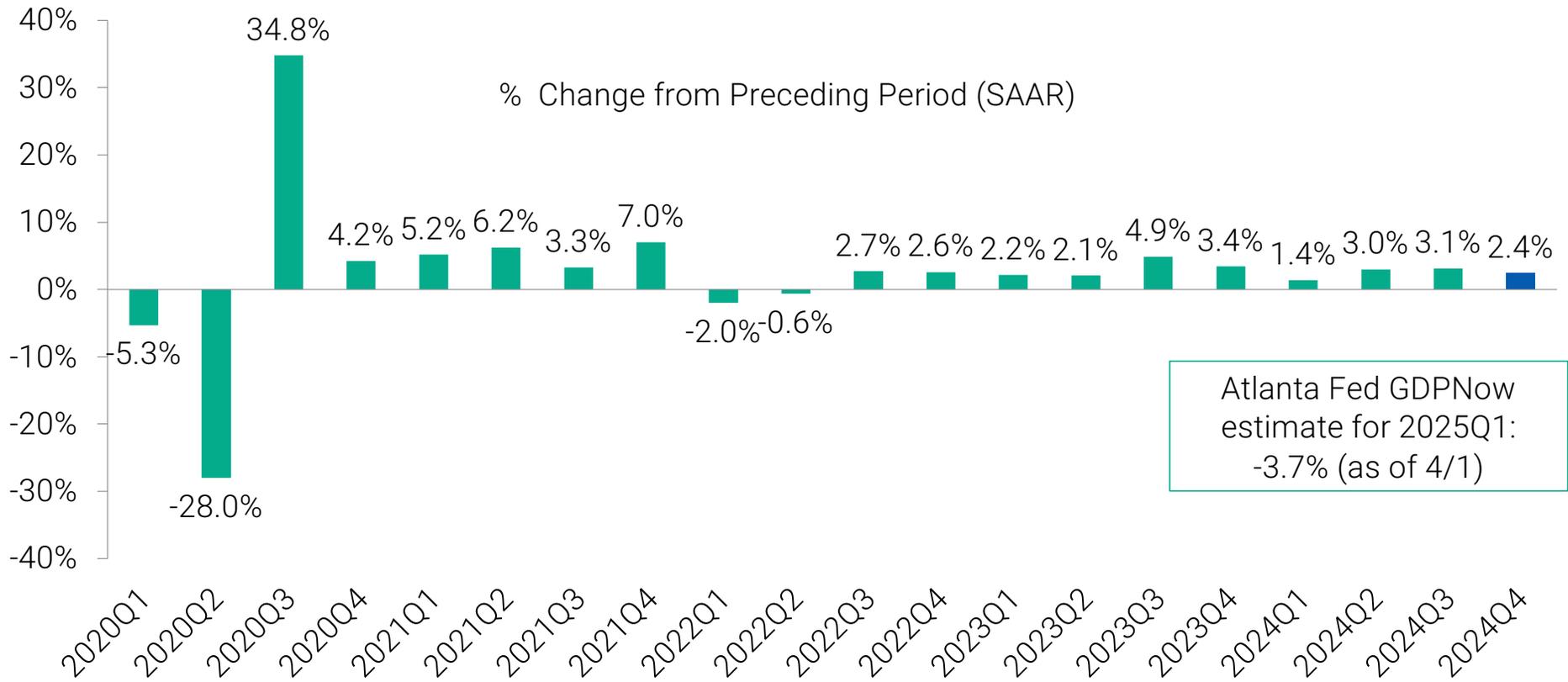
Federal Funds Rate, Target Rate Upper Limit, 2009 – 2025



Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System



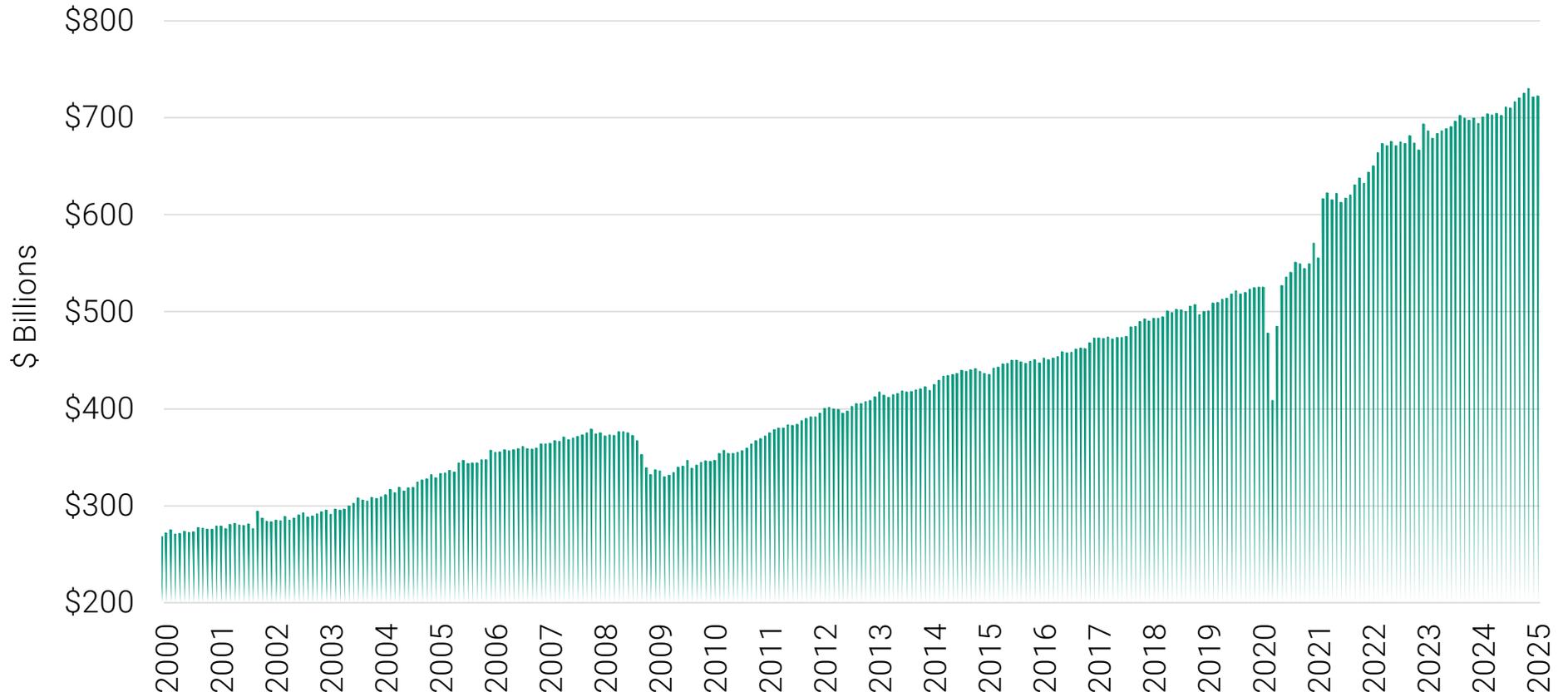
U.S. Gross Domestic Product Growth, 2020 – 2024Q4



Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis *2024Q4: 3rd (final) estimate

They Got Game

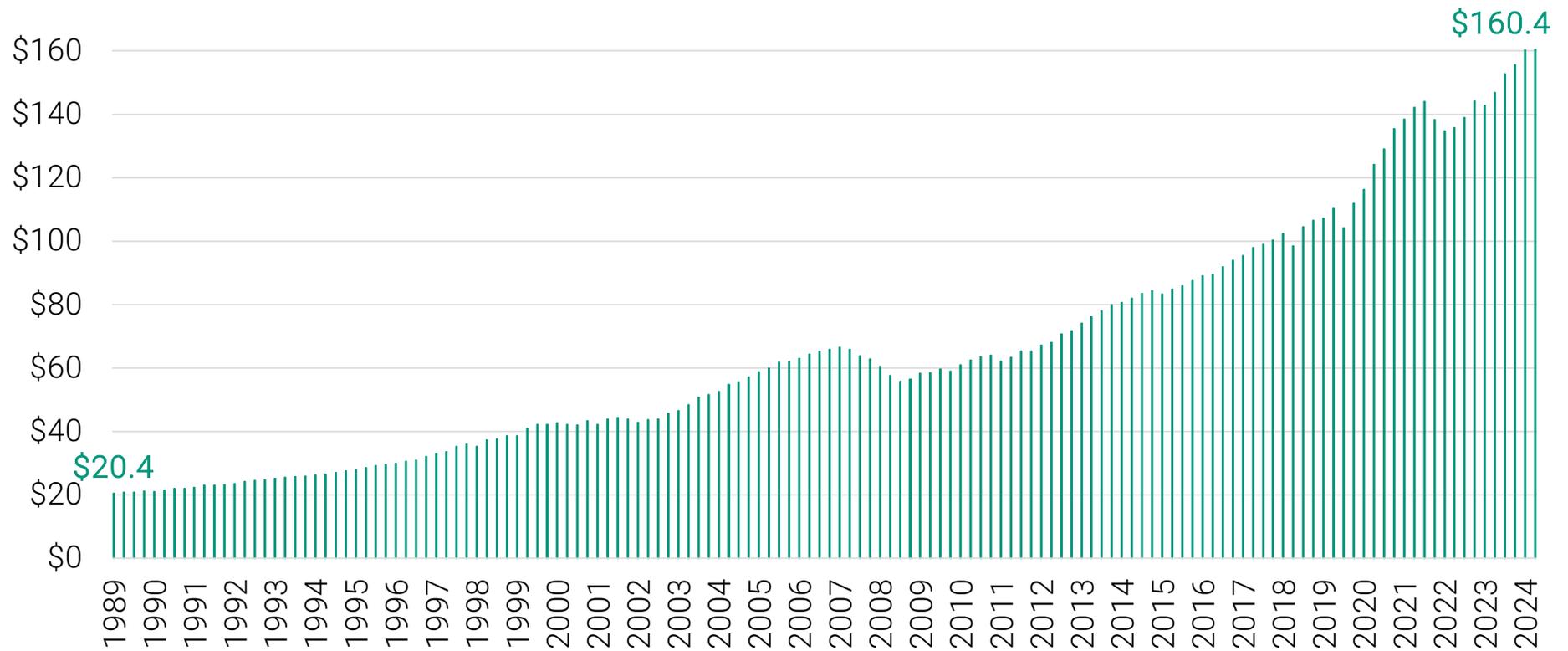
U.S. Retail Sales, 2000 – February 2025



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Total U.S. Household Wealth, 1989 – 2024

\$ Trillions



Source: Federal Reserve Board, Distributional Financial Accounts (DFAs)

U.S. Household Wealth by Wealth Percentile Group, 1989 – 2024

\$ Trillions

\$150

\$100

\$50

\$0

- Top 0.1%
- 99-99.9%
- 90-99%
- 50-90%
- Bottom 50%

1989 1990 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

13.8% of wealth

17.0%

36.4%

30.3%

2.5%

Source: Federal Reserve Board, Distributional Financial Accounts (DFAs)

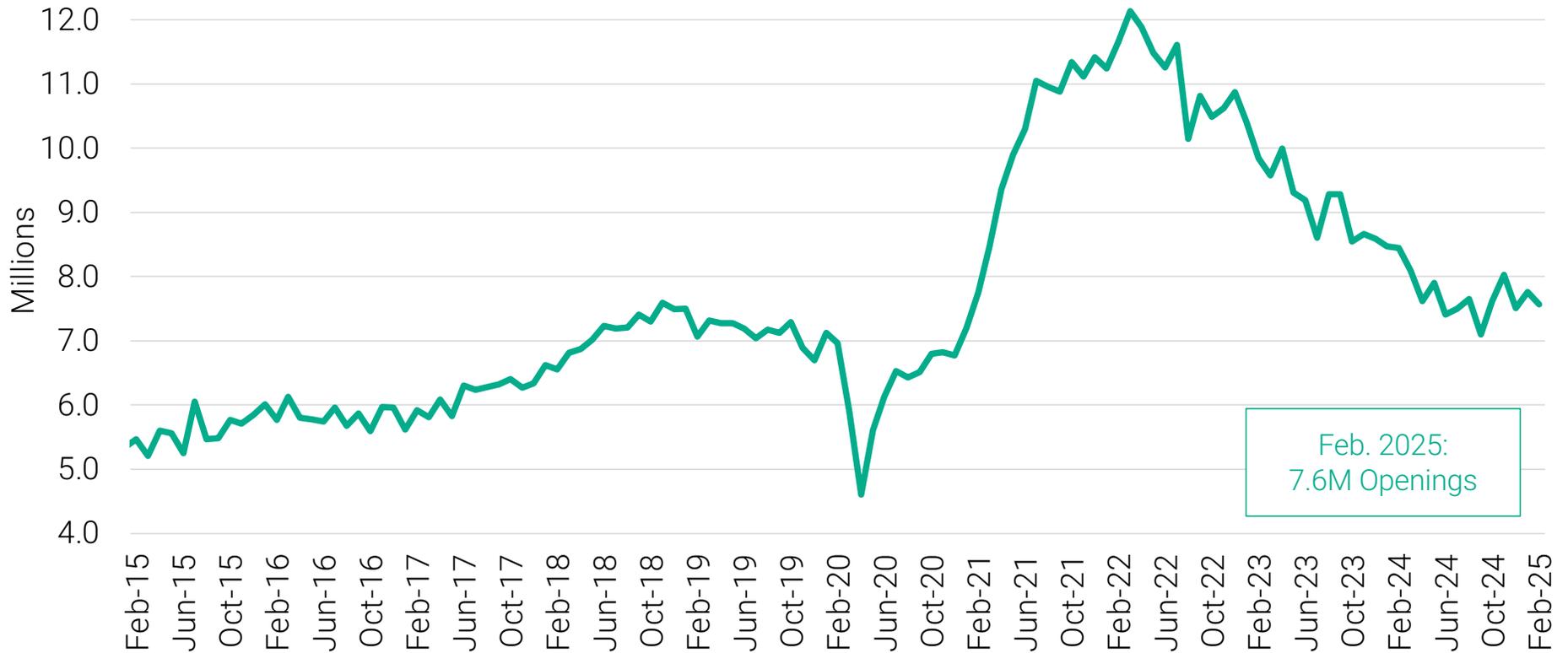


The Equalizer

The Equalizer (2014, 2018, and 2023)—Denzel Washington as mystery man Robert McCall

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U.S. Job Openings, 2015 – February 2025

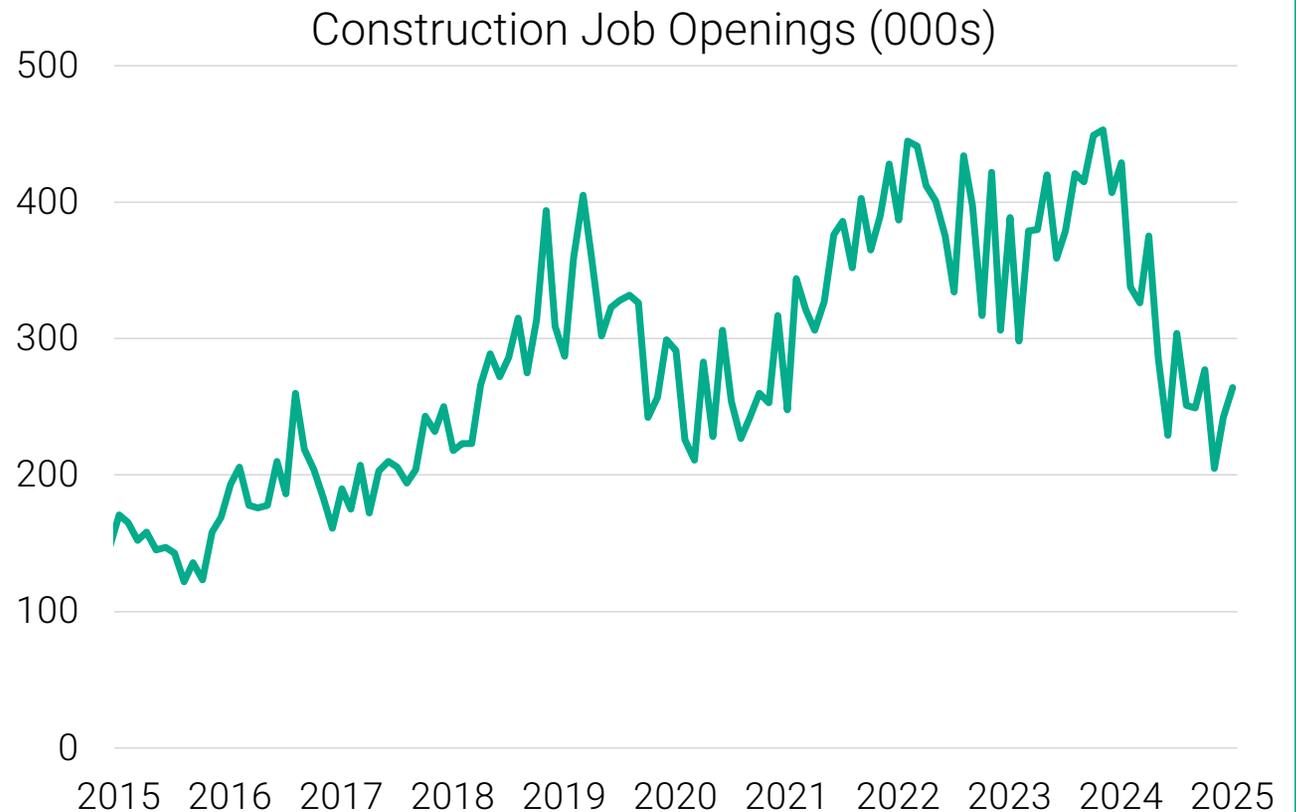


Feb. 2025:
7.6M Openings

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. Construction Job Openings, 2015 – February 2025

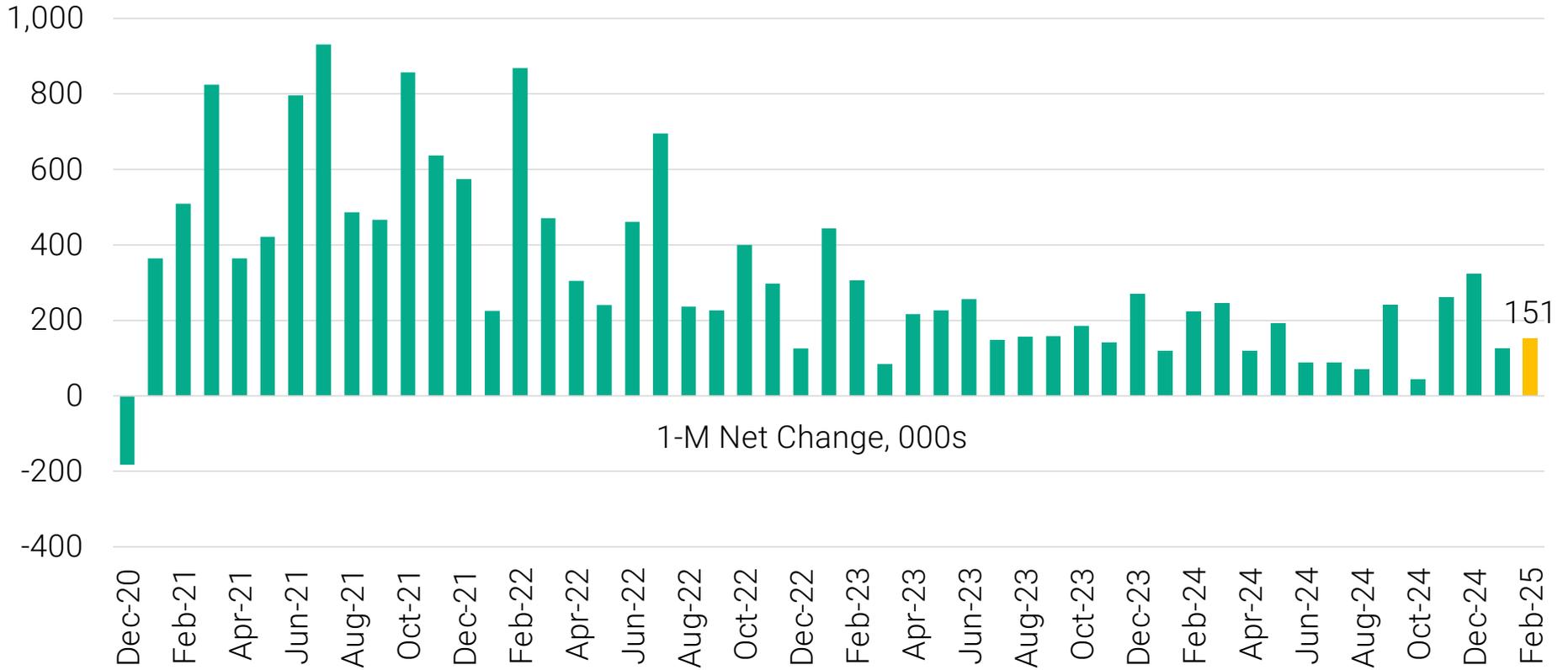
- From 2015-2019 the number of unfilled U.S. construction jobs averaged 228,000.
- In 2024 there was an average of 306,000 unfilled construction jobs.
- That's 34% higher than the 2015-2019 average.



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. Job Growth, Monthly

December 2020 – February 2025



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. Wage Growth v. Inflation

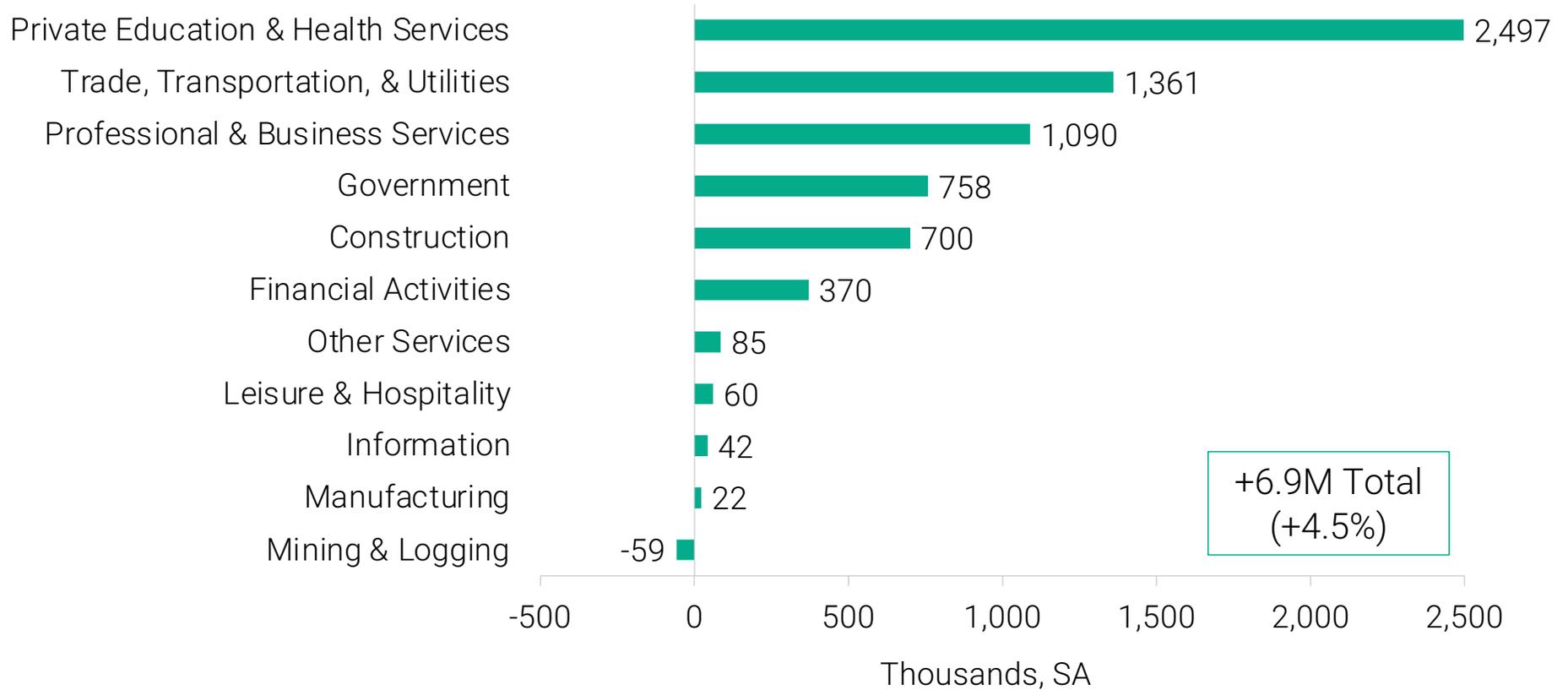
YOY % Change, 2007 – February 2025



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. Jobs Recovered Since February 2020

Nonfarm Employment by Industry Sector, February 2020 v. February 2025



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment Growth, 25 Largest Metros

February 2020 v. February 2025 % Change

| Rank | MSA | % | Rank | MSA | % |
|------|---|-------|------|--|-------|
| 1 | Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX | 19.2% | 14 | San Diego-Chula Vista-Carlsbad, CA | 2.9% |
| 2 | Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL | 12.4% | 15 | New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ | 2.4% |
| 3 | Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 12.0% | 16 | Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA | 1.5% |
| 4 | Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL | 10.4% | 16 | Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV | 1.5% |
| 5 | Phoenix-Mesa-Chandler, AZ | 10.2% | 18 | Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, MD | 1.2% |
| 6 | San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX | 10.0% | 19 | St. Louis, MO-IL | 1.0% |
| 7 | Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC | 9.4% | 20 | Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI | 0.6% |
| 8 | Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands, TX | 8.1% | 21 | Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI | 0.5% |
| 9 | Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL | 8.0% | 22 | Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI | -0.4% |
| 10 | Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA | 7.3% | 23 | Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA | -0.6% |
| 11 | Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA | 6.8% | 24 | Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH | -1.2% |
| 12 | Denver-Aurora-Centennial, CO | 4.8% | 25 | San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA | -3.7% |
| 13 | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilm., PA-NJ-DE-MD | 4.0% | | | |

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics
Current Employment Statistics (CES) Survey. Note: data are not seasonally adjusted.

U.S. % Change 2/2020 v. 2/2025: +4.5%



Construction Employment Growth, 25 Largest Metros

February 2020 v. February 2025 % Change

| Rank | MSA | % | Rank | MSA | % |
|------|---|-------|------|---|--------|
| 1 | Phoenix-Mesa-Chandler, AZ | 30.0% | 14 | Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH | 2.6% |
| 2 | Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX | 26.6% | 15 | Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI | 2.5% |
| 3 | San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX | 20.3% | 15 | Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI | 2.5% |
| 4 | Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC | 17.1% | 17 | Denver-Aurora-Centennial, CO | 0.5% |
| 4 | St. Louis, MO-IL | 17.1% | 18 | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD | 0.1% |
| 6 | Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 14.3% | 19 | Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA | -0.2% |
| 6 | Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL | 14.3% | 20 | Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands, TX | -1.3% |
| 8 | Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL | 12.4% | 21 | Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, MD | -3.5% |
| 9 | Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA | 12.3% | 22 | Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA | -5.7% |
| 10 | Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL | 12.1% | 23 | New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ | -7.6% |
| 11 | Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI | 10.5% | 24 | Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA | -10.6% |
| 12 | San Diego-Chula Vista-Carlsbad, CA | 5.6% | 25 | San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA | -13.0% |
| 13 | Washington-Arlington-Alex., DC-VA-MD-WV | 2.8% | | | |

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics
Current Employment Statistics (CES) Survey. Note: data are not seasonally adjusted.

U.S. % Change 2/2020 v. 2/2025: +9.2%



Unemployment Rates, 25 Largest Metros, January 2025

| Rank | MSA | % | Rank | MSA | % |
|------|--|------|------|--|------|
| 1 | Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, MD | 3.0% | 13 | Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA | 4.1% |
| 1 | Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL | 3.0% | 14 | Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH | 4.2% |
| 3 | Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV | 3.1% | 14 | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilm., PA-NJ-DE-MD | 4.2% |
| 4 | Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI | 3.2% | 16 | St. Louis, MO-IL | 4.3% |
| 5 | Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA | 3.4% | 17 | Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands, TX | 4.4% |
| 6 | Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX | 3.5% | 17 | San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA | 4.4% |
| 6 | Phoenix-Mesa-Chandler, AZ | 3.5% | 19 | San Diego-Chula Vista-Carlsbad, CA | 4.5% |
| 8 | Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL | 3.6% | 20 | New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ | 4.7% |
| 9 | San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX | 3.8% | 21 | Denver-Aurora-Centennial, CO | 4.9% |
| 9 | Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL | 3.8% | 22 | Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI | 5.1% |
| 11 | Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC | 3.9% | 23 | Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA | 5.3% |
| 11 | Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 3.9% | 24 | Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA | 5.4% |
| | | | 25 | Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI | 5.6% |

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics
Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. Note: data are not seasonally adjusted

U.S. Unemployment Rate—Jan: 4.0% | Feb: 4.1%



Devil in a Bunch of Data

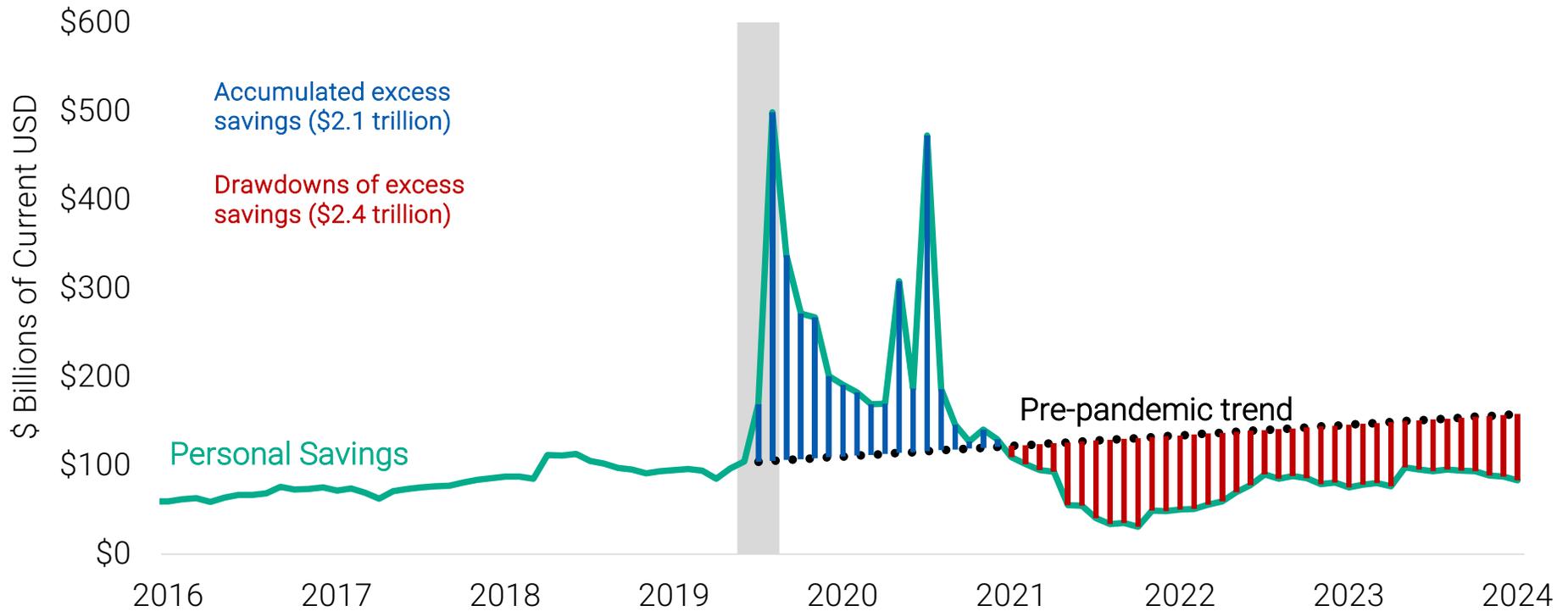


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Devil in a Blue Dress (1995)—Denzel Washington as Easy Rawlins

Drawdown of Pandemic Related Excess Savings

Aggregate Personal Savings Versus the Pre-pandemic Trend
(Abdelrahman and Oliveira, Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco)



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

U.S. Credit Card Debt, 2004 – 2024

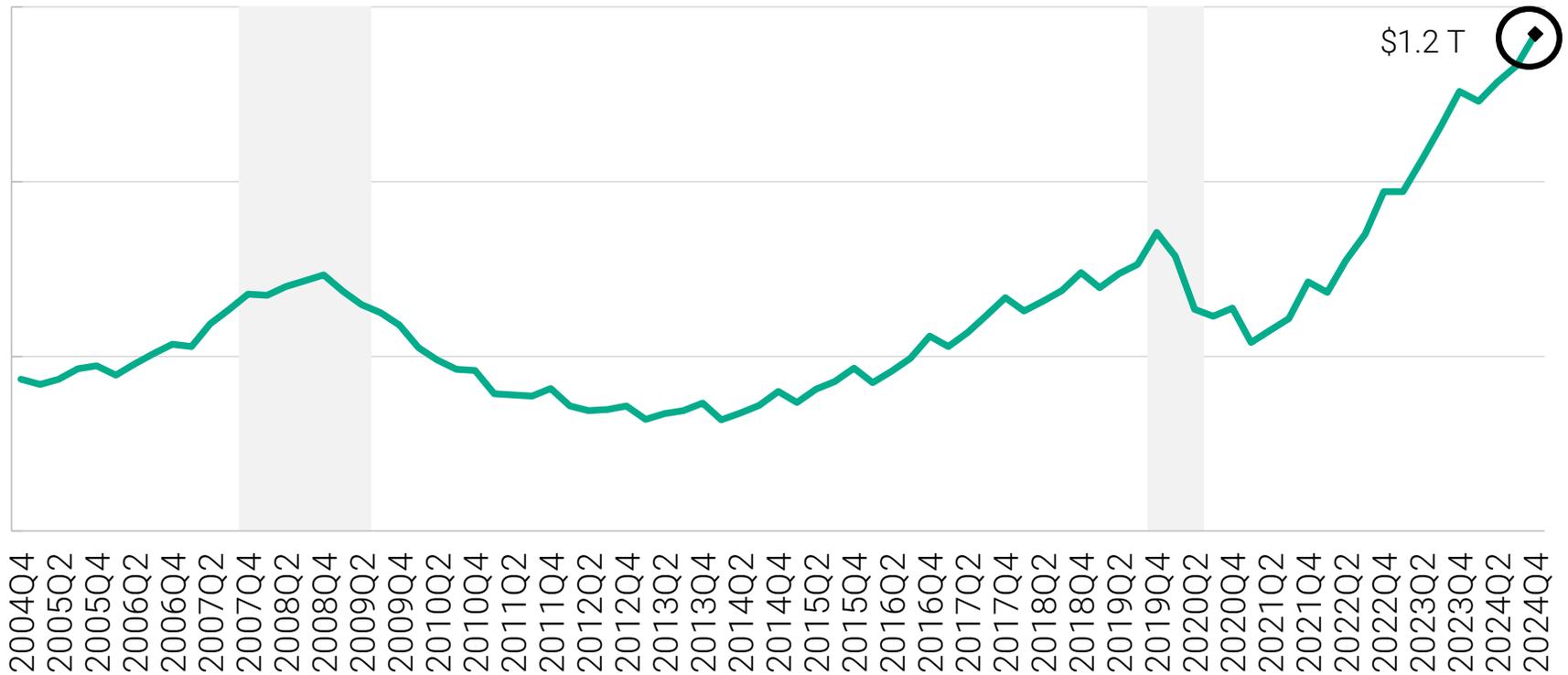
\$ Trillions

\$1.25

\$1.00

\$0.75

\$0.50

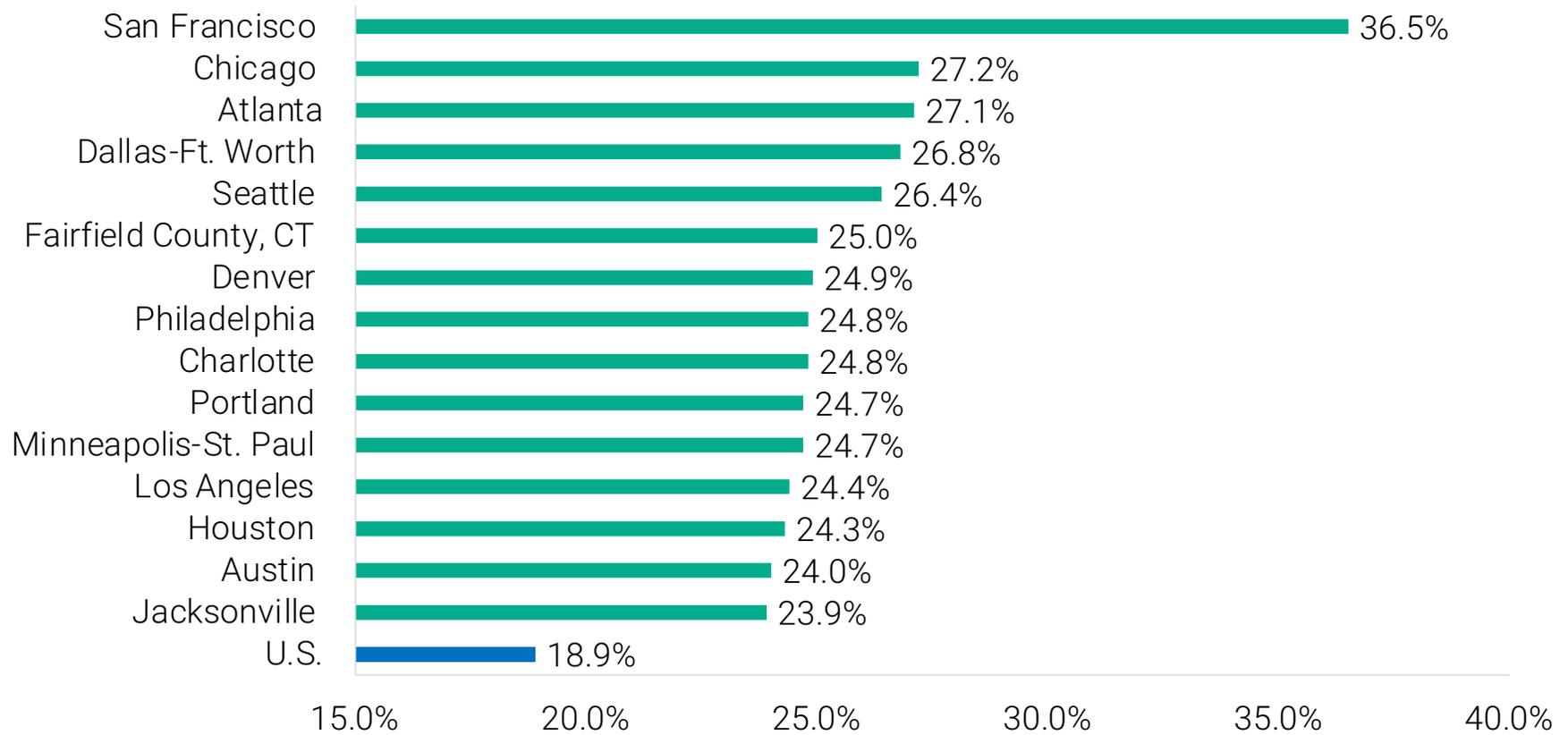


\$1.2 T

Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions

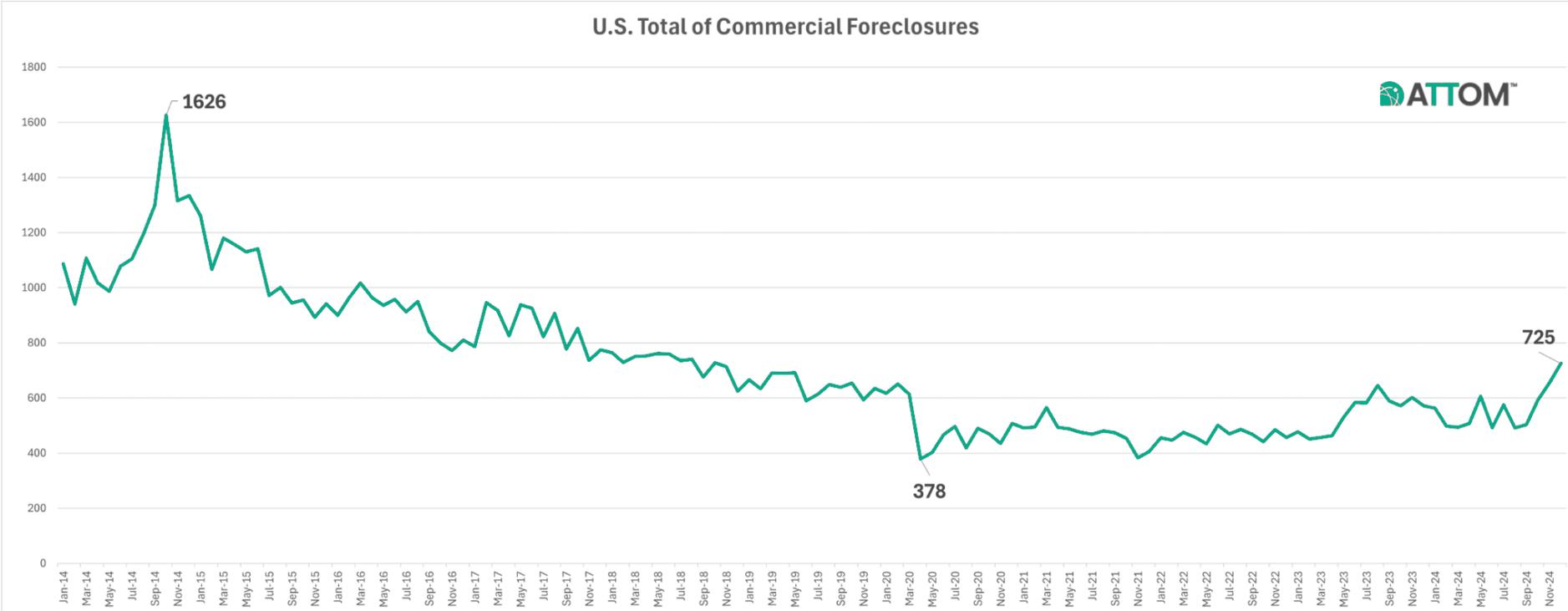
Source: FRED; New York Fed Consumer Credit Panel/Equifax

Highest Office Vacancy Rates, 2024Q4



Source: CBRE

U.S. Commercial Foreclosures, 2014 – 2024



Source: ATTOM



Fences

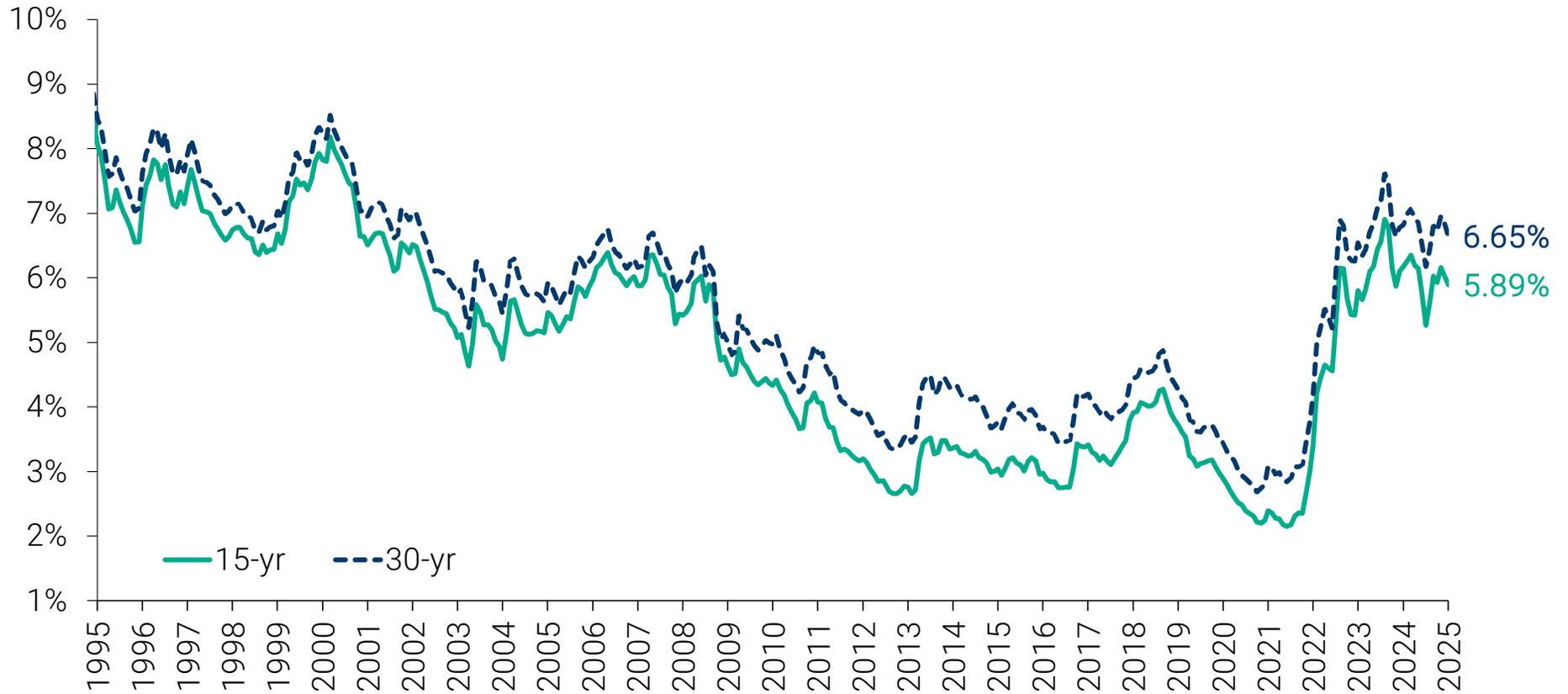


Fences (2016)—Denzel Washington as Troy Maxson, Pittsburgh sanitation worker

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U.S. 15-Year & 30-Year Fixed Mortgage Rates

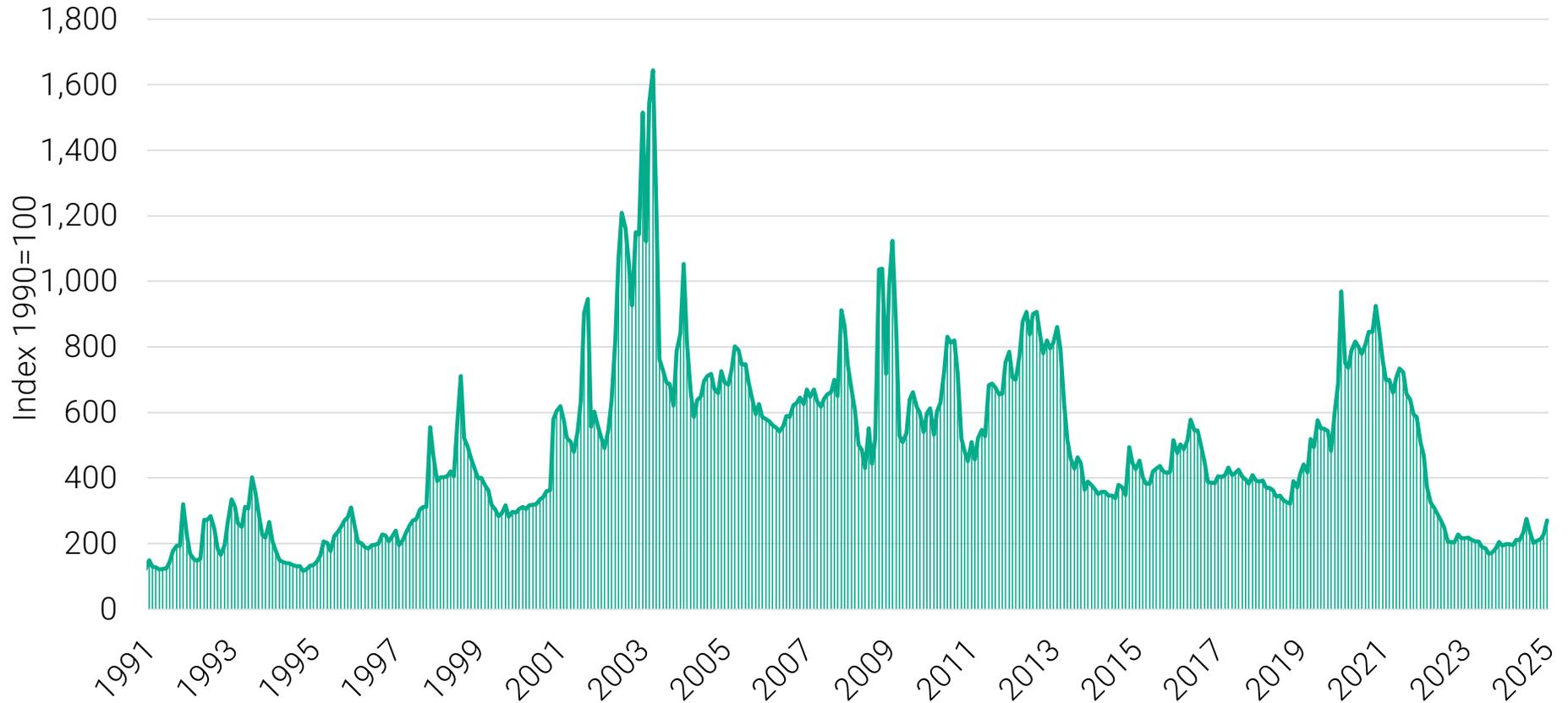
1995 – March 2025*



Source: Freddie Mac *Week ending 3/27/2025

U.S. Mortgage Loan Applications Composite Index

1991 – March 2025

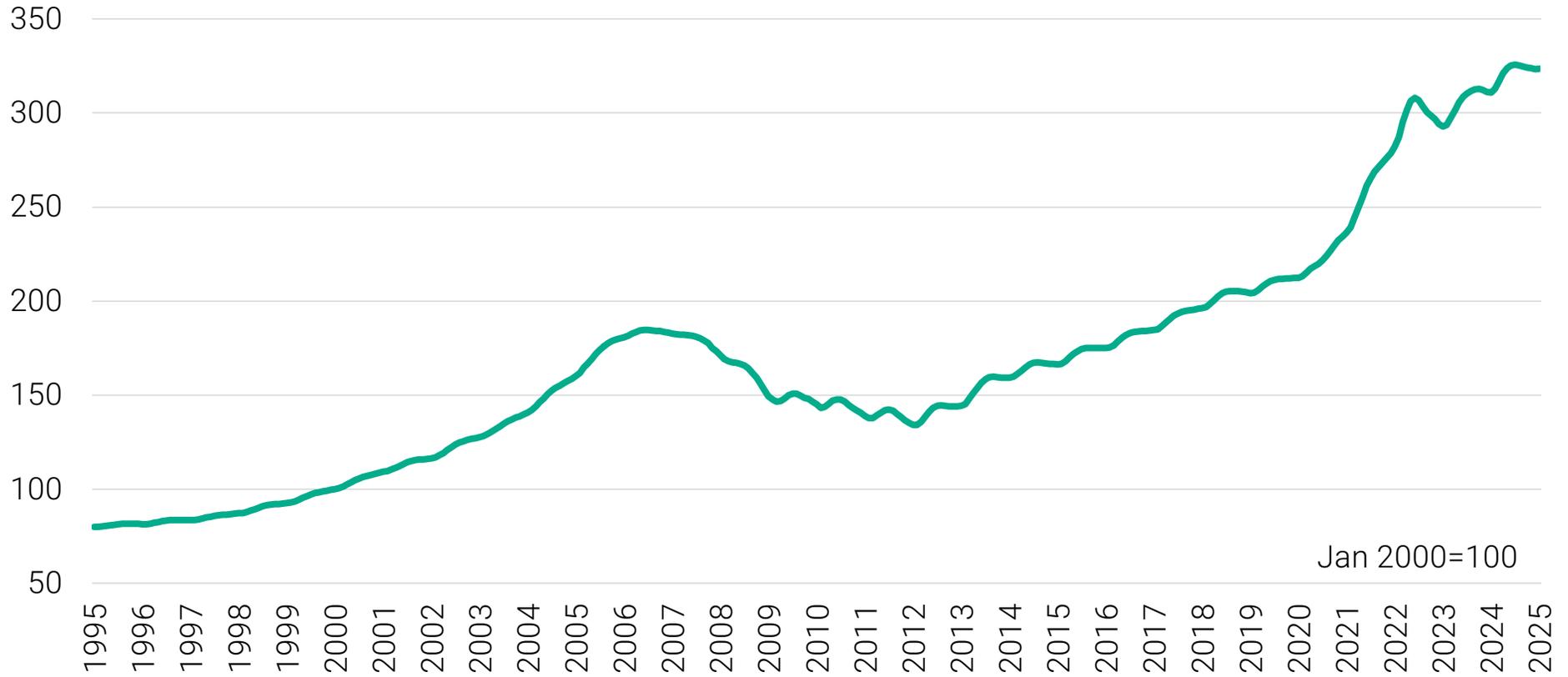


Source: Mortgage Bankers Association (MBA)

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S&P Case-Shiller Home Price Index

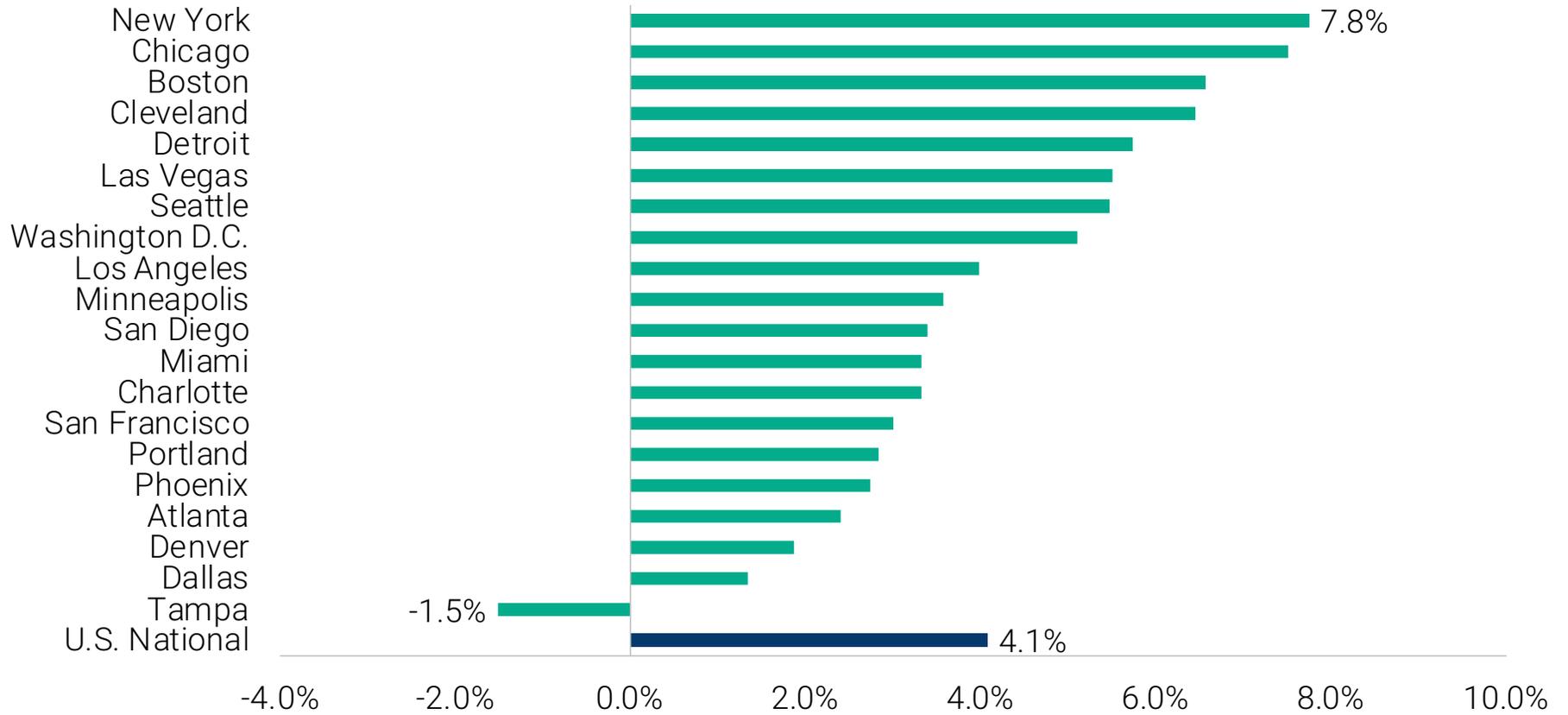
1995 – January 2025



Source: Standard & Poor's

S&P Case-Shiller Home Price Index by Metro Area

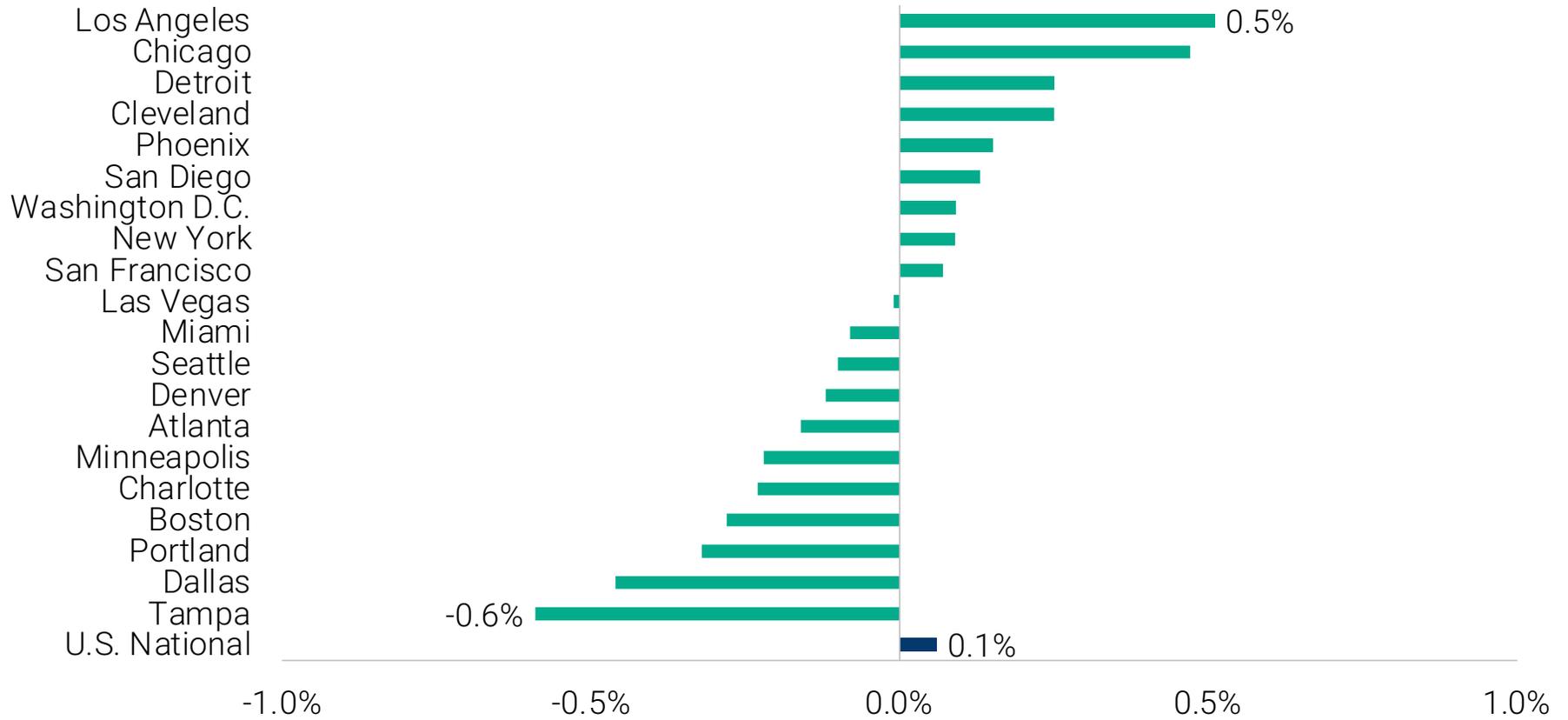
12-Month % Change, January 2025



Source: Standard & Poor's

S&P Case-Shiller Home Price Index by Metro Area

1-Month % Change, January 2025

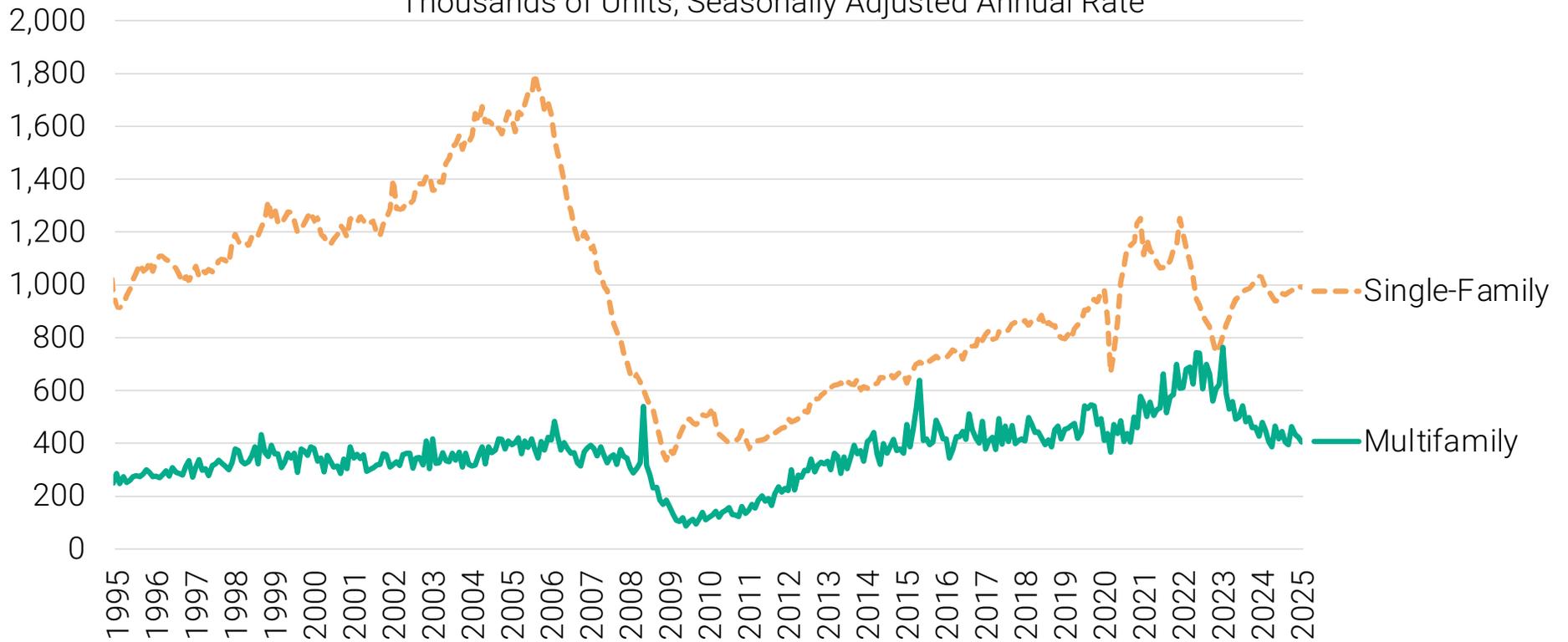


Source: Standard & Poor's

U.S. Residential Building Permits

1995 – February 2025

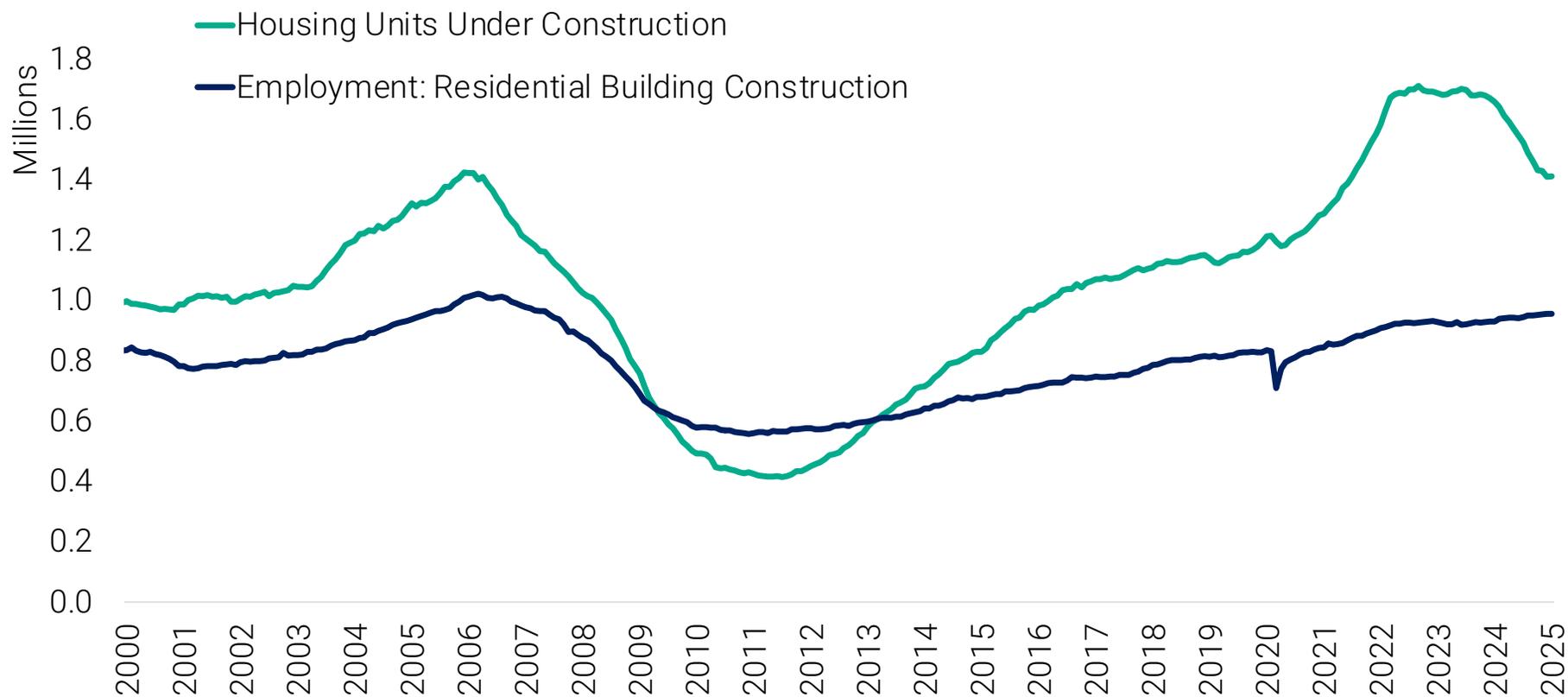
Thousands of Units, Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

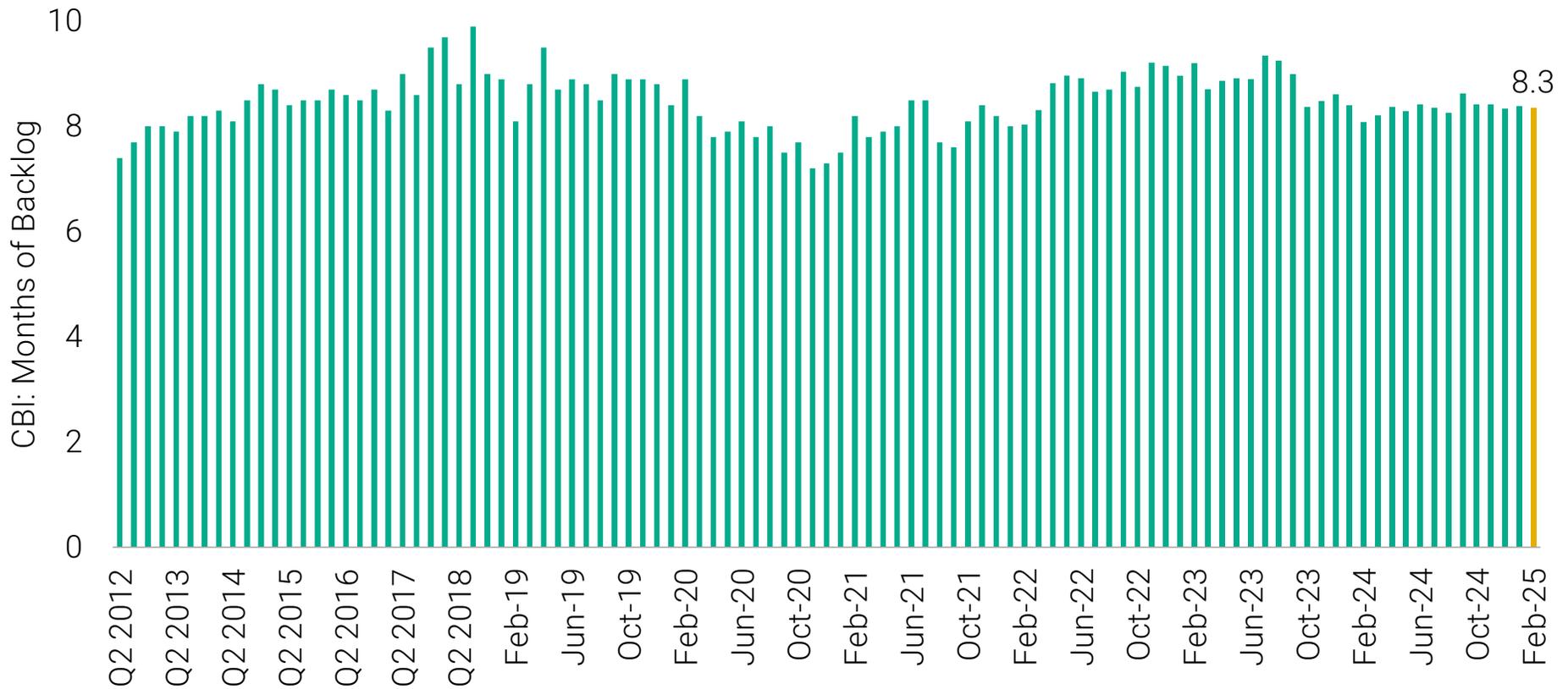
Housing Units Under Construction vs. Residential Employment

2000 – February 2025



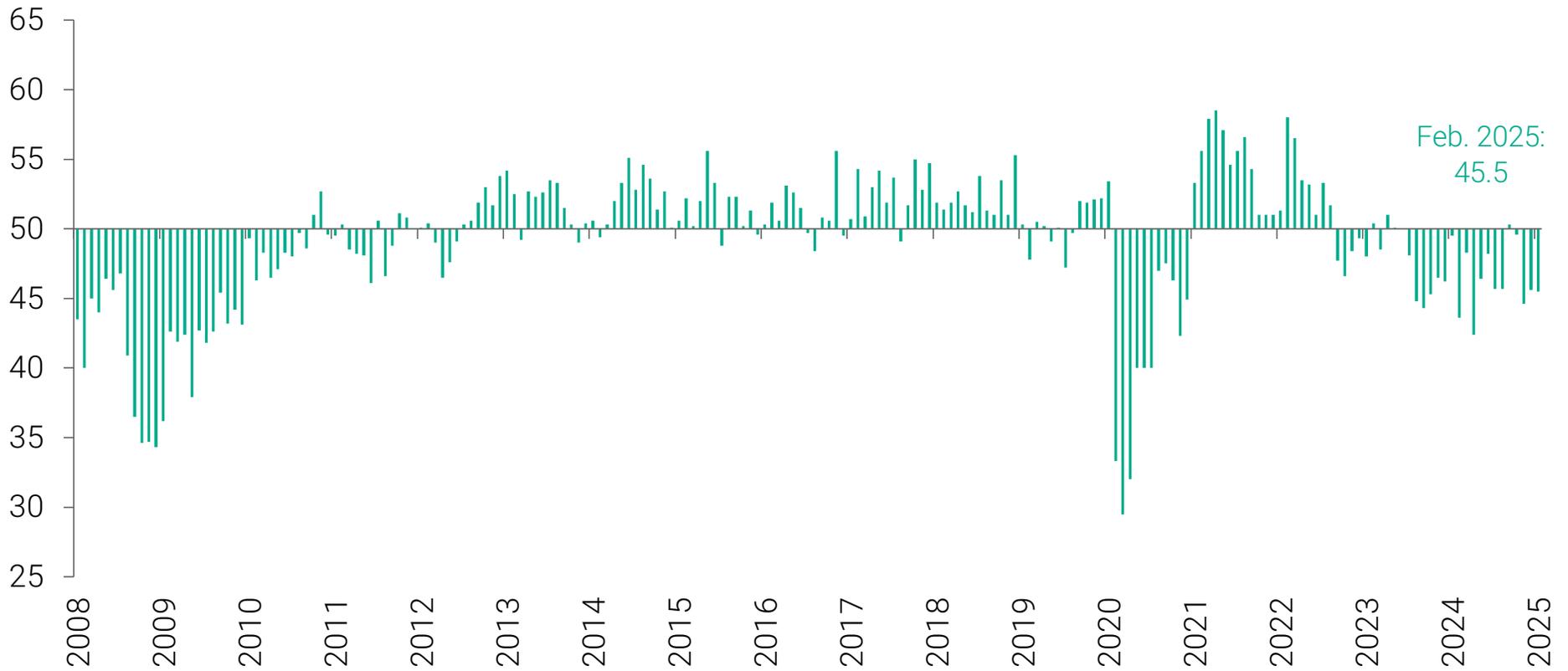
Source: U.S. Census Bureau; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

ABC Construction Backlog Indicator, 2012 – February 2025



Architecture Billings Index

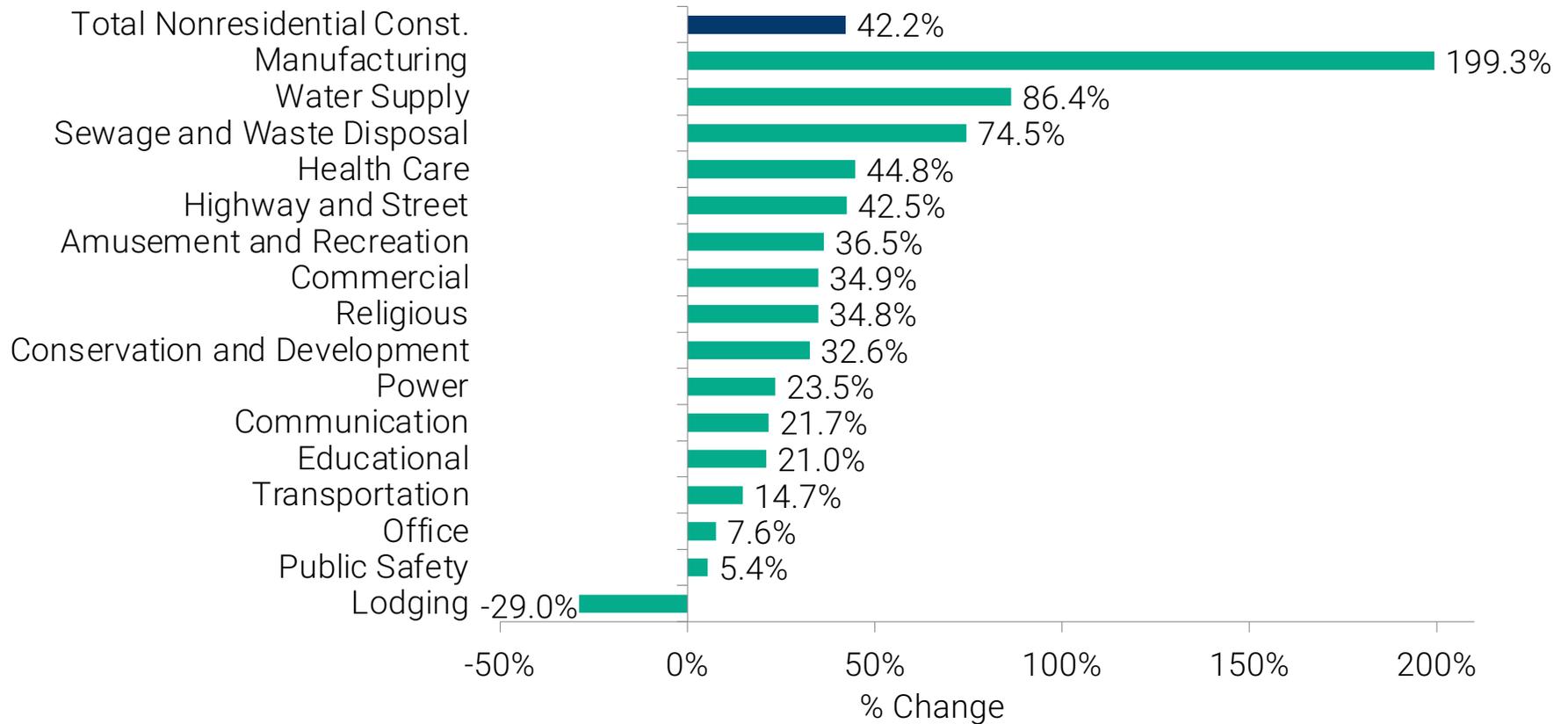
2008 – February 2025



Source: The American Institute of Architects

Nonresidential Construction Spending by Subsector

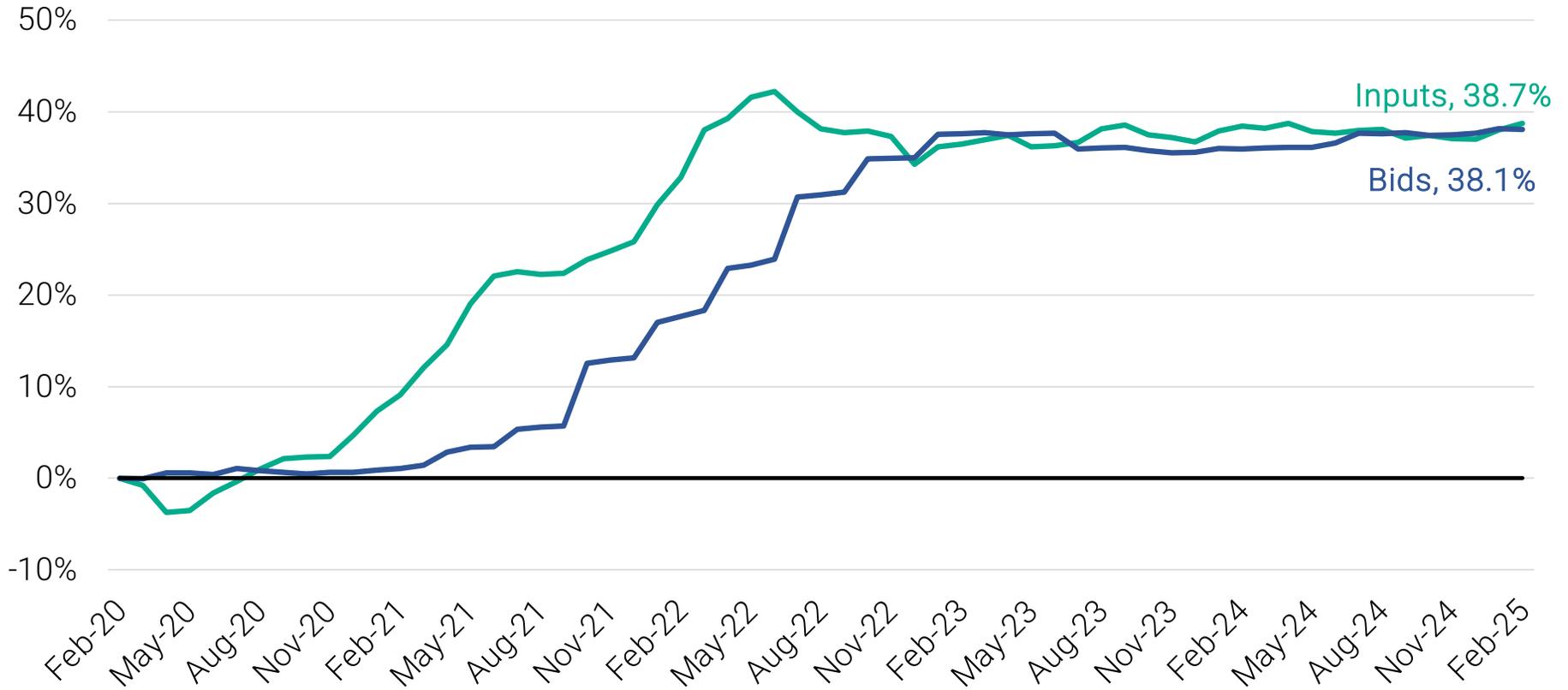
February 2020 v. February 2025 (Current \$)



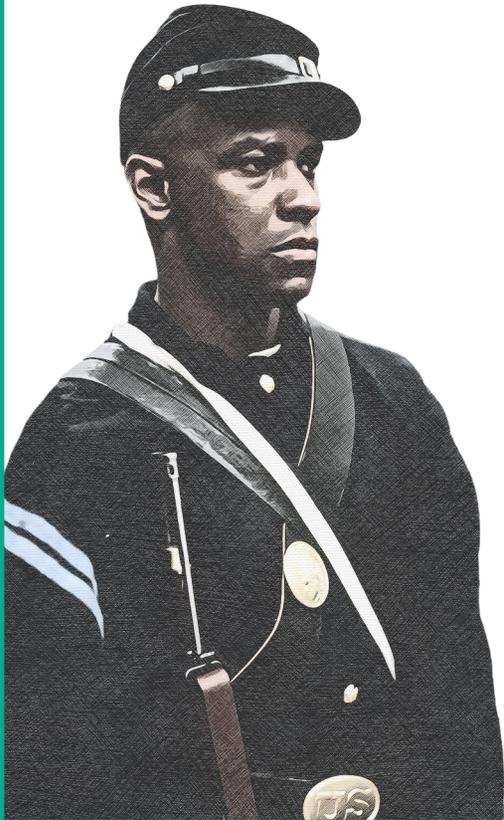
Source: U.S. Census Bureau

New Nonresidential Construction: Input Costs v. Bid Prices

% Change v. February 2020



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Inputs: PPI Commodity data for Inputs to new nonresidential construction, excluding capital investment, labor, and imports.
Bids: PPI Commodity data for Construction (partial)-New nonresidential building construction.

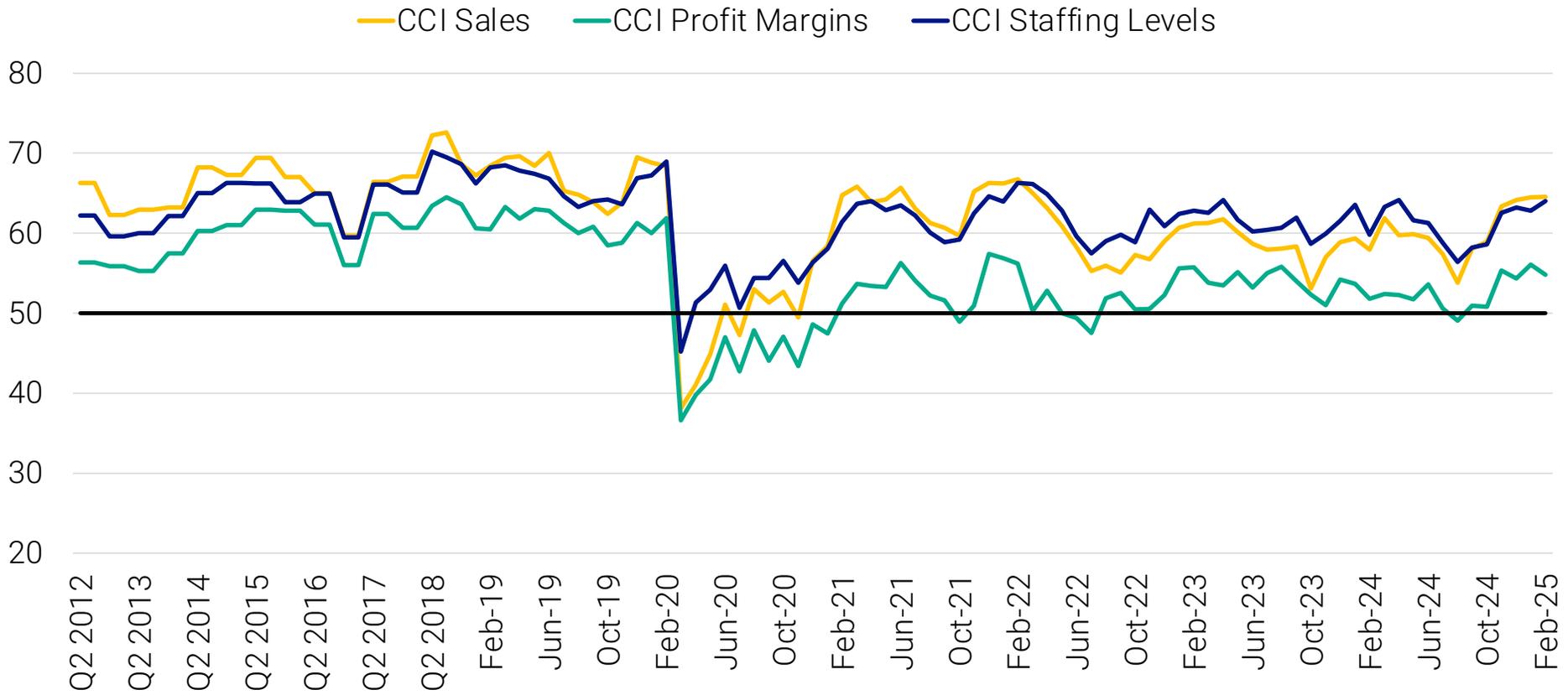


Glory

Glory (1989)—Denzel Washington as Trip, a member of the 54th Massachusetts infantry regiment

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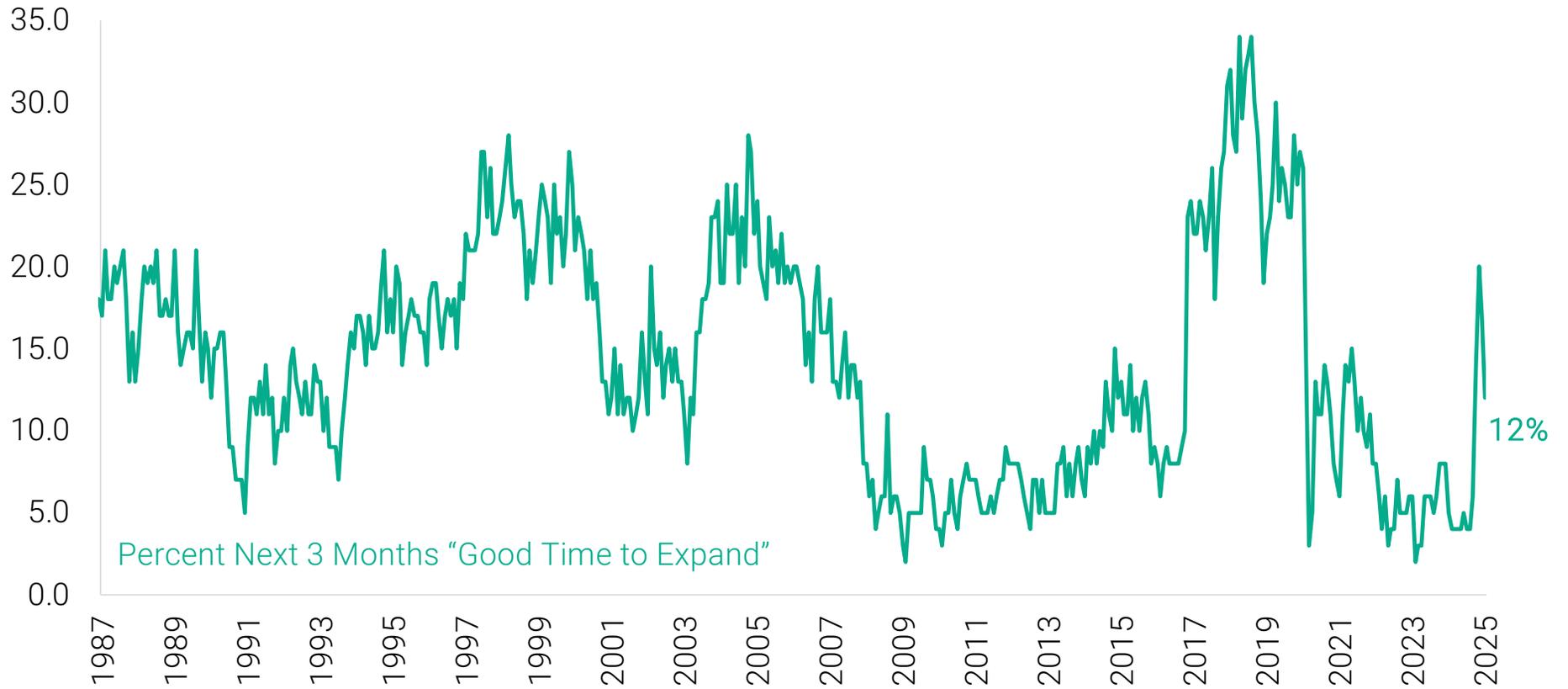
ABC Construction Confidence Index, 2012 – February 2025



Source: Associated Builders and Contractors; Sage

NFIB Index of Small Business Optimism

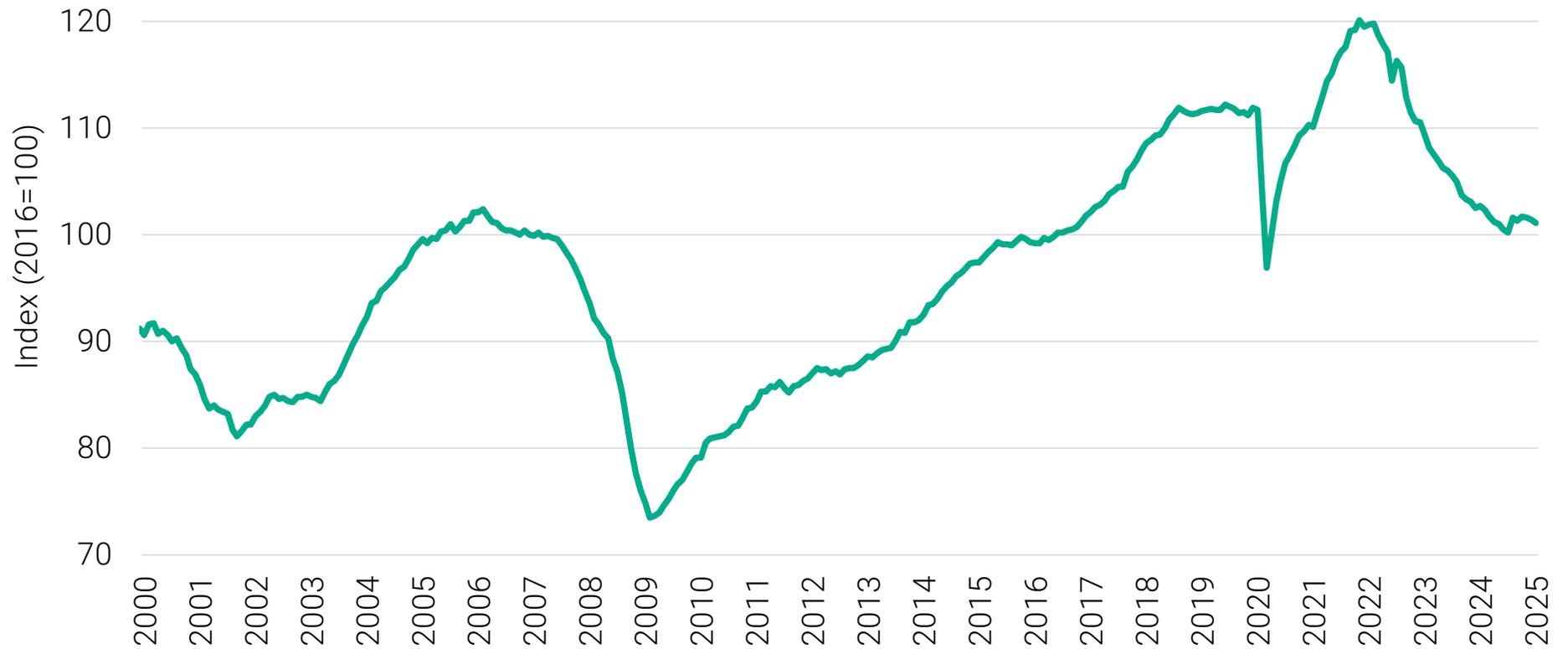
1987 – February 2025



Source: National Federation of Independent Business (NFIB)

Conference Board: U.S. Leading Economic Index

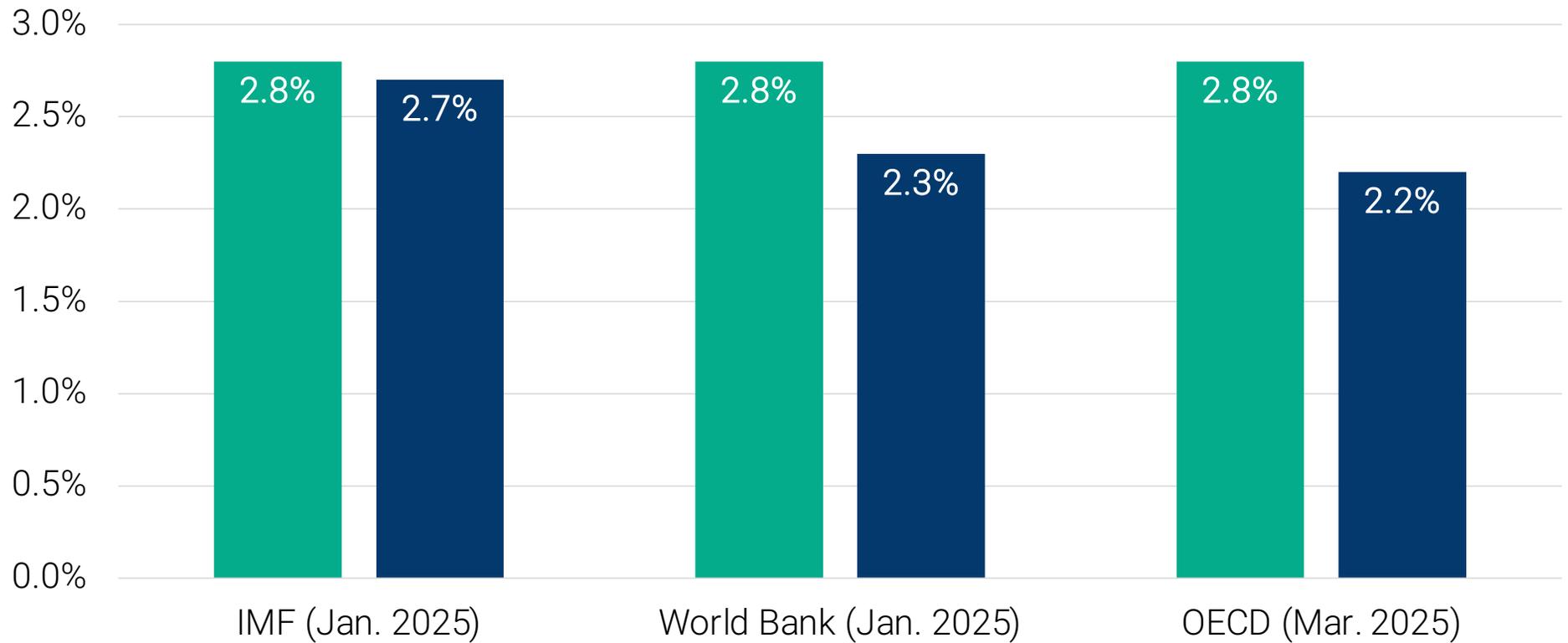
2000 – February 2025



Source: The Conference Board

Major Economic Forecasts for U.S. GDP Growth

■ 2024 ■ 2025



Source: IMF; OECD; World Bank

Out of Time

Could U.S. Economy Surprise to the Downside?

- Inflation poised to stage a comeback;
- Interest rates will be higher for longer;
- Many consumers now exhausted financially, and circumstances could worsen;
- Are asset prices overextended?
- So forecast is for growth in 2025, but there are risks, including rising interest rates and falling asset prices.

*Out of Time (2003)—Denzel Washington as police chief Matt Lee Whitlock

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